

CROATIA

| | Pop | FL | FR | ES | Best % | Last % | Government |
|---|-----|----|-----|-----|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| DP Domovinski Pokret Homeland Movement | X | | X | X | 10.9 ^a | 10.9 ^a | |
| HDSSB (borderline FR) Hrvatski Demokratski Savez Slavonije i Baranje Croatian Democratic Alliance of Slavonia and Baranja | X | | X | | 37.3 ^b | 37.3 ^b | |
| HS Hrvatski Suverenisti Croatian Sovereignists | X | | X | X | v | v | |
| BzH Blok za Hrvatsku Bloc for Croatia | X | | X | X | 10.9 ^a | 10.9 ^a | |
| HKS Hrvatska Konzervativna Stranka Croatian Conservative Party | X | | X | X | 10.9 ^a | 10.9 ^a | |
| Hrast Hrvatski Rast Croatian Growth | X | | X | X | 36.3 ^c | 10.9 ^a | |
| Most (borderline FR) Bridge | X | | X | | 13.2 | 7.4 | 2015-2016 2016-2017 |
| Možemo! We Can! | X | X | | | 7.0% | 7.0% | |
| HDZ (POP+FR+ES until 2000) Hrvatska Demokratska Zajednica Croatian Democratic Union | (X) | | (X) | (X) | 45.2 | 37.3 ^b | 1990-1992 1992-1995 1995-2000 2003-2007 2007-2011 2015-2016 2016-2020 2020-present |
| BM365 Bandić Milan 365 – Stranka Rada i Solidarnosti Bandić Milan 365 – Labour and Solidarity Party | X | | | | 4.0 ^d | 0.6 | |
| HČSP Hrvatska Čista Stranka Prava Croatian Pure Party of Rights | | | X | X | 2.8 ^e | n/a | |
| HL-SR Hrvatska Laburisti-Stranka Rada Croatian Labourists-Labour Party | X | | | | 33.4 ^f | 0.4 | |
| HSP Hrvatska Stranka Prava Croatian Party of Rights | | | X | X | 7.1 | 0.4 ^g | |
| HSP AS Hrvatska Stranka Prava Dr. Ante Starčević Croatian Party of Rights Dr. Ante Starčević | | | X | X | 34.6 ^h | n/a | |
| ŽZ Živi Zid Human Shield | X | | | X | 6.2 ⁱ | 2.3 ^j | |

- As part of DP-BzH-HKS-Hrast coalition. As of 2021, BzH, HKS, and Hrast merged into Croatian Sovereignists (HS)
- As part of the HDZ-HSLS-HDS-HDSSB coalition
- As part of the HDZ-HSLS-HDS-Hrast coalition
- In alliance with the People's Party–Reformists (NS-R)
- In alliance with the HSP AS
- As part of Croatia Is Growing
- In alliance with NHR-GO
- As part of Patriotic Coalition
- As part of Only Option Coalition
- As Enough of Robbery

Parties represented in parliament:

The ***Domovinski Pokret (Homeland Movement, DP)*** is a populist far-right party founded in 2020 by singer, former Christian Democratic Union MP, and presidential candidate Miroslav Škoro. The party is nationalist, social conservative, economically protectionist and critical of the process of privatisation, yet fully supportive of private property, anti-corruption, and Eurosceptic. The party led an alliance with the far-right platform Croatian Sovereignists (including the Croatian Conservative Party, Croatian Growth, and the Bloc for Croatia) in the 2020 election, returning 10.9% of the vote. The Croatian Sovereignists however left the alliance shortly after over internal disputes. The party has been marred by defections and Škoro himself left the DP in 2021.

The ***Hrvatska Demokratska Zajednica (Christian Democratic Union, HDZ)*** is a former populist, far-right, and Eurosceptic party founded in 1989 by former president of Croatia Franjo Tuđman. During Tuđman's tenure at the helm of the party, the HDZ qualified as nativist, anti-Serbian, anti-communist, social conservative, pro-market, and Eurosceptic. The party was the main driver behind Croatia's independence in 1991 and responsible for the process of privatisation in the country after the dissolution of Yugoslavia. The HDZ underwent a process of moderation after the death of Tuđman in 1999 and now qualifies as a conservative and pro-EU force.

The ***Hrvatski Demokratski Savez Slavonije i Baranje (Croatian Democratic Alliance of Slavonia and Baranja, HDSSB)*** is a populist and borderline far-right party founded in 2006 by convicted war criminal Branimir Glavaš following his ousting from the Croatian Democratic Union (HDZ). The party is ethno-regionalist, anti-corruption, promotes the economic advancement of Slavonja and Baranja, and defines itself as pro-EU. The HDSSB is a relatively marginal force and delivered 1 MP as part of the coalition led by the HDZ in 2020 (which scored 37.26% of the vote). The party has provided support to the government led by the HDZ since 2020.

Hrvatski Suverenisti (Croatian Sovereignists, HS) is a populist far-right platform launched in 2019, which has operated as a fully fledged party since 2021. The platform originally comprised the far-right Croatian Conservative Party (**HKS**), Croatian Growth (**Hrast**), and the Bloc for Croatia (**BzH**), which later merged into the HS. The party is nationalist, social conservative, economically protectionist, and Eurosceptic. Before formalising its transition into a party, HS members teamed up with Miroslav Škoro's Homeland Movement (DP) in the 2020 election, collectively returning 10.9% of the vote and delivering 4 of the 16 MPs of the electoral alliance. HS terminated cooperation with the DP shortly after the election.

Most (Bridge, formerly known as Bridge of Independent Lists) is a populist and borderline far-right party founded in 2012 by Božo Petrov. The party brought together members of different civic initiatives and is anti-establishment, anti-corruption, reformist, economically liberal, fiscally conservative, and has recently taken social conservative and anti-LGBTQI+ views. Most entered parliament in 2015 with 13.2% of the vote and supported the short-lived government led by the Christian Democratic Union. The party returned 7.4% of the vote in the 2020 election and currently sits in opposition.

Možemo! (We Can!) is a populist far-left party founded in 2019. The platform brings together several left-libertarian, democratic socialist, environmentalist, and anti-corruption movements and initiatives. Možemo! contested the 2020 election gaining 7% of the vote and attaining parliamentary representation. The following year, Tomislav Tomašević won the mayorship of Zagreb heading the Green–Left Coalition.

Parties not/no longer represented in parliament:

The ***Bandić Milan 365 – Stranka Rada i Solidarnosti (Bandić Milan 365 – Labour and Solidarity Party, BM365)*** is a populist centrist party founded in 2015 by long-serving Zagreb mayor Milan Bandić. The party is anti-establishment, committed to social justice and increasing jobs, upholding a critical outlook on the process of transition and privatisation that took place in the country. BM365 managed 4.0% of the vote in the 2016 election as part of a coalition list also including the People's Party – Reformists. BM365 did not enter parliament in 2020. Its leader Bandić died in 2021.

The ***Hrvatska Čista Stranka Prava (Croatian Pure Party of Rights, HČSP)*** is a marginal far-right party founded in 1992 and claiming affiliation with the party of the same name established in 1904, itself split from the historical Party of Rights. The party is ideologically extremist, anti-minority, social conservative, supporting the legacy of the Ustaše and Ante Pavelić, and anti-NATO and hard Eurosceptic. The HČSP never managed parliamentary representation and peaked at 2.8% of the vote in 2011, when it contested elections in alliance with the far-right Croatian Party of Rights Dr. Ante Starčević.

The ***Hrvatska Laburisti-Stranka Rada (Croatian Labourists-Labour Party, HL-SR)*** is a populist party founded in 2010 by Dragutin Lesar. The party is social democratic, progressive, and pro-EU. The HL-SR entered parliament in 2011 with 5.2% of the vote and joined the coalition Croatia Is Growing led by the Social Democratic Party, which returned 33.2% of the vote in the 2015 election. The decision to join the alliance spurred internal dissent and the party subsequently fell into electoral marginality.

The ***Hrvatska Stranka Prava (Croatian Party of Rights, HSP)*** is a far-right party founded in 1990 and claiming historical affiliation with the Party of Rights established in 1861. The party is ideologically extremist, anti-minority, anti-establishment, social conservative, environmentalist, and Eurosceptic. The HSP peaked at 7.1% of the vote in the 1992 election but failed to re-enter parliament after 2011.

The ***Hrvatska Stranka Prava Dr. Ante Starčević (Croatian Party of Rights Dr. Ante Starčević, HSP AS)*** was a marginal far-right party founded in 2009 by Ruža Tomašić as a splinter from the far-right Croatian Party of Rights. The party was ideologically extremist, anti-minority, social conservative, and Eurosceptic. The HSP AS delivered 1 MP (Tomašić herself) in 2011 as part of a coalition with the far-right Croatian Pure Party of Rights and 3 MPs in 2015 as part of an alliance with the right-wing Christian Democratic Union. Tomašić left the party in 2014 and joined the Croatian Conservative Party shortly after. The HSP AS eventually dissolved in 2020.

Živi Zid (Human Shield, ŽZ) is a populist party founded in 2011 and led by Ivan Vilibor Sinčić. The party is ideologically ambiguous. It has anti-establishment, anti-corruption, anti-eviction, libertarian, economically protectionist, anti-NATO, and Eurosceptic views, and has taken anti-immigration positions over time. The party peaked at 6.2% of the vote in 2015 as part of the Only Option Coalition but failed to cross the threshold in 2020, when it ran as 'Enough of Robbery' returning 2.3% of the vote.